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**DRUG POLICY MONITORING AND EVALUTATION SYSTEM**

# DRUG POLICY MONITORING AND EVALUTATION SYSTEM

CICAD MEETING, MEXICO APRIL 2018

## SYSTEM OBJECTIVE

The **Drug Policy Monitoring and Evaluation System** is being developed by Colombia's Observatory on Drugs. Once it is operating, it will provide a structure of metrics associated with reducing the impact on the population due to drug production, associated crime and drug use.

The system will permit:

Support and contribute to the development of guidelines

Making public policy decisions.

Understand advances in terms of impact, results and management of the actions of the National Government and the effects generated by proposed policies, as part of the evaluation of the drug issue.

## MONITORING OBJECTIVE

- **Multidimensional** monitoring, will permit measuring the transformation and territorial development in the associated components with: i) governance, ii) security, coexistence, y iii) human rights and institutional transformation, in line with the recommendations of **UNGASS 2016**.
- The proposed indicators seek to transcend the classic vision of cultivated hectares and productivity, to measure the success of policies in Colombia.

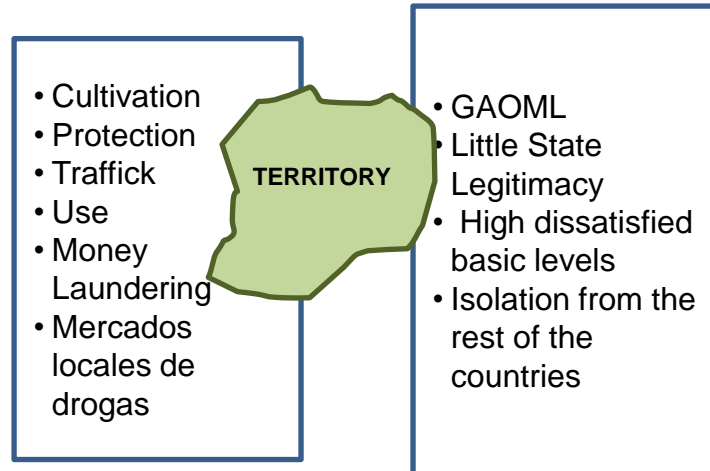
## TRANSFORMATION AND INTEGRAL DEVELOPMENT OF TERRITORIES

Reduction in the Availability of Drugs

Disarticulation and Affectation of the structures and Criminal Economy, Control of Drug Trafficking

Comprehensive Attention to Drug Use

### Problemáticas



### A . Security, Justice an Human Rights

- ⊙ Security and protection of life, freedom, integrity and property of the citizens
- ⊙ Supremacy of the law, administration of justice
- ⊙ Exclusivity of the state in the provision of public goods and services and the imposition of taxes
- ⊙ Land planning

### B. Governance

- ⊙ Social control in territories
- ⊙ Culture of Legality
- ⊙ Trust between the State and Communities
- ⊙ Legitimacy and sustainability of actions
- ⊙ Recovery of State power and at the local level
- ⊙ Communication and dialogue with citizens
- ⊙ Institutions committed to legality

### C. Institutional Transformation

- ⊙ The territory becomes part of the national economic, social and political dynamics
- ⊙ Infrastructure of primary, secondary and tertiary connectivity
- ⊙ Basic education, health, water, basic sanitation and recreation services
- ⊙ Legalization and formalization of property, land and housing rights,.
- ⊙ Presence of technical support institutions, financial for productive development



# STRATEGIC AXES OF THE MONITORING AND EVALUATION SYSTEM

## GOAL

Reduce the impact on the population due to drug production and use



# 1. REDUCTION IN THE AVAILABILITY OF ILLICIT DRUGS

## Potential reduction in cocaine base or cocaine hydrochloride

IMPACT INDICATOR

*Effective eradication rate = certified eradicated hectares (S - EMF - EMV - ZME) / total hectares with coca cultivation*

*Criminal organizations and / or average and high-level actors prosecuted for crimes associated with the illicit production of drugs*

## Compliance with Government goals

GOAL

Sustainable reduction of illicit crops

Sustainable impact against substances and illicit drug production complexes



### ILLICIT CULTIVATION

- ✓ Substitution
- ✓ Voluntary manual eradication
- ✓ Forced manual eradication
- ✓ Assisted eradication
- ✓ Special management areas



### SUSTANCIAS QUÍMICAS

- ✓ Control al ingreso, desvío y producción artesanal
- ✓ Control of SSPQ traffic



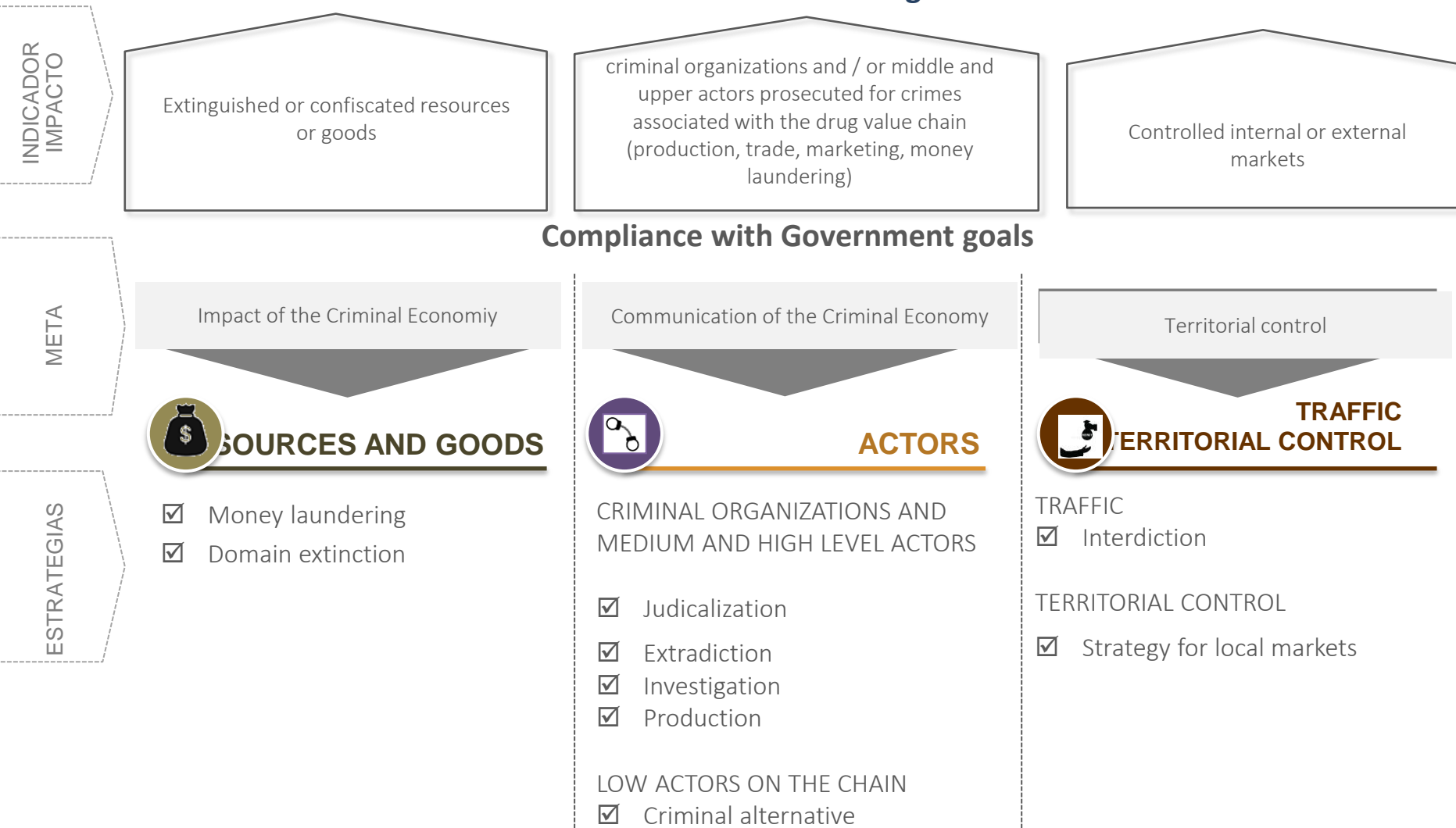
### PROCESSING

- ✓ Production complex strategy: destruction of crystallization
- ✓ Control storage and internal trafficking of base paste

STRATEGIES

## 2. COMMUNICATION AND IMPACT OF CRIMINAL STRUCTURES AND ECONOMY

### Communicated narcotrafficking networks





# 3. REDUCTION OF PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCE USE

## Public Health and Human Rights Focus

NORMATIVE  
FRAMEWORK

National Development Plan All for a new country 2014 - 2018  
Ten-Year Justice Plan 2017 - 2027

National Policy for the Reduction of Drug Use and its Impact, 2007.  
National Plan for the Promotion of Health and Prevention and Attention to the Use of Psychoactive Substances 2014 - 2021

GOALS

- Increase by 50% the proportion of parental involvement in children and adolescents attending school.
- Postpone the age of onset of alcohol consumption, above 14 years.
- Increase the average age of onset of illegal substance use, from 13.1 to 15.5 years.

STRATEGIES

### Strong families program Love and Limits.

Improve the health and development of adolescents between 10 - 14 years old, and prevent risk behaviors by promoting communication between parents and children.

### Community Based Centers.

Community Work Processes based on the construction of social networks, to respond to social problems and needs prioritized by the community.

### Strengthening the capacity of territories to respond against the consumption of psychoactive substances,

Improve competencies and abilities of the different actors that implement programs to reduce SPA use.

# NEW INDICATORS PROPOSED

